



CPVO

Community Plant Variety Office

DISCLAIMER

The present version of the national guideline has been accepted by the President of the CPVO for its use in technical examinations carried out on behalf of the CPVO or for the take-over of reports serving as a basis for a CPVO decision.

Lophomyrtus
Simplified standard protocol: SSP/LRAL/3

Examination office:	Naktuinbouw	
Reference of the protocol:	SSP/LRAL/3	
Date of preparation of the protocol:	09/03/2023	
Date of entry into force of the protocol:	09/03/2023	
Botanical taxon:	Lophomyrtus xralphii (Hook. f.) Burrett	
Common Name (when known):	Lophomyrtus xralphii	
Way of propagation of the plants to be examined:	Self or cross pollinated seed propagated <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetatively propagated <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Number of growing cycles:	1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> specify	
List of grouping characteristics:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> if yes put as annex No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Minimum number of plants in trial:	Vegetative:20	Seed: -
Minimum number of plants observed by measuring or counting:	Vegetative:1	Seed: -
Give description of when observations should take place:	Observation on the leaf should take place: in autumn Observation on the summer color of the leaf should take place: in summer Other observations should take place: in autumn	

<p>Uniformity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated, self-pollinated seed propagated varieties or F1-hybrids, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 24 plants, 1 off-types are allowed. - For the assessment of uniformity for cross-pollinated varieties, the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General introduction of UPOV should be applied. The variability within the variety should not exceed the variability of comparable varieties already known. 	
Table of characteristics:	<p>Present <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Not available <input type="checkbox"/></p>
Literature: (when present, please annex to this document)	<p>Present <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Absent <input type="checkbox"/></p>

Table of characteristics:

1. Plant: growth habit	
2. Plant: height	
3. Plant: width	
4. Stem: diameter	
5. Petiole: length	
6. Petiole: color	
7. Leaf blade: attitude	
8. Leaf blade: length	
9. Leaf blade: width	
10. Leaf blade: shape	
11. Leaf blade: shape of apex	
12. Leaf blade: shape of base	
13. Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	
14. Leaf blade: main color of upper side in summer	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
15. Leaf blade: secondary color of upper side in summer	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
16. Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color of upper side in summer	
17. Leaf blade: tertiary color of upper side in summer	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
18. Leaf blade: distribution of tertiary color of upper side in summer	
19. Leaf blade: main color of lower side in summer	
20. Leaf blade: main color of upper side	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
21. Leaf blade: secondary color of upper side	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
22. Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color of upper side	
23. Leaf blade: tertiary color of upper side	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)
24. Leaf blade: distribution of tertiary color of upper side	
25. Leaf blade: main color of lower side	
Literature: The Cambridge Illustrated Glossary of Botanical Terms: by Michael Hickey and Clive King Name that flower: by Ian Clarke and Heleen Lee Botanisch woordenboek: by Henk Eggelte	