

DISCLAIMER

The present version of the national guideline has been accepted by the President of the CPVO for its use in technical examinations carried out on behalf of the CPVO or for the take-over of reports serving as a basis for a CPVO decision.



Cornus Simplified standard protocol: SSP/KNI/3

Examination office:	Naktuinbouw	
Reference of the protocol:	SSP/KNI/3	
Date of preparation of the protocol:	01/09/2023	
Date of entry into force of the protocol:	01/03/2023	
Botanical taxon:	Cornus L. Cornus kousa Burger ex Hance Cornus capitata Wall. x C. kousa Burger ex Hance Cornus hongkongensis Hemsl. x C. kousa Burger ex Hance	
Common Name (when known):	Japanese dogwood	
Way of propagation of the plants to be examined:	Self or cross pollinated seed propagated □ Vegetatively propagated ⊠	
Number of growing cycles:	1 □ 2 ⋈ Other □ specify Click or tap here to enter text.	
List of grouping characteristics:	Yes □ if yes put as annex No ⊠	
Minimum number of plants in trial:	Vegetative:8	Seed: -
Minimum number of plants observed by measuring or counting:	Vegetative:1	Seed: -
Give description of when observations should take place:	Observation on the flower should take place: at full flowering Observation on the leaf should take place: at full flowering Other observations should take place: at full flowering	



			ity	

- For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated, self-pollinated seed propagated varieties or F1-hybrids, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 10 plants, 1 off-types are allowed.
- For the assessment of uniformity for cross-pollinated varieties, the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General introduction of UPOV should be applied. The variability within the variety should not exceed the variability of comparable varieties already known.

Table of characteristics:	Present ⊠ Not available □
Literature: (when present, please annex to this document)	Present ⊠ Absent □



Table of characteristics:

	lable of characteristics:				
1.	Plant: growth habit				
2.	Plant: height				
3.	Plant: width				
4.	Plant: color of young branches				
5.	Plant: intensity of anthocyanin coloration of				
	young branches				
6.	Plant: color of branches				
7.	Plant: intensity of anthocyanin coloration of				
	branches				
8.	Stem: number of lenticels				
9.	Stem: attitude of branches				
10.	Petiole: length				
11.	Petiole: intensity of green color				
12.	Petiole: intensity of anthocyanin coloration				
	Leaf blade: length				
	Leaf blade: width				
15.	Leaf blade: shape				
16.	Leaf blade: shape of base				
17.	Leaf blade: shape of apex				
	Leaf blade: main color	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)			
19.	Leaf blade: secondary color	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)			
	Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color				
21.	Leaf blade: tertiary color	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)			
	Leaf blade: distribution of tertiary color	,			
	Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration				
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section				
	Leaf blade: undulation of margin				
26.	Leaf blade: pubescence of upper side				
	Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side				
	Pedicel: length				
	Pedicel: width				
30.	Pedicel: intensity of green color				
	Pedicel: intensity of anthocyanin coloration				
	Inflorescence: diameter				
33.	Bract: length				
34.	Bract: width				
	Bract: shape				
	Bract: shape of apex				
	Bract: main color of upper side	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)			
	Bract: secondary color of upper side	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)			
	Bract: distribution of secondary color of				
L	upper side				
40.	Capitulum: diameter				
41.					
Lite	Literature:				
The Cambridge Illustrated Glossary of Botanical Terms: by Michael Hickey and Clive King					
	ne that flower: by Ian Clarke and Heleen Lee				
Bota	anisch woordenboek: by Henk Eggelte				