



European Union
Community Plant Variety Office

PROTOCOL FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY TESTS

Cicer arietinum L.

CHICK-PEA

UPOV Species Code: CICER_ARI

Adopted on 01/12/2005

I SUBJECT OF THE PROTOCOL

The protocol describes the technical procedures to be followed in order to meet the Council Regulation 2100/94 on Community Plant Variety Rights. The technical procedures have been agreed by the Administrative Council and are based on general UPOV Document TG/1/3 and UPOV Guideline TG/143/4 dated 06/04/2005 for the conduct of tests for Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability. This protocol applies to all varieties of *Cicer arietinum* L.

II SUBMISSION OF SEED AND OTHER PLANT MATERIAL

1. The Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) is responsible for informing the applicant of
 - the closing date for the receipt of plant material;
 - the minimum amount and quality of plant material required;
 - the examination office to which material is to be sent.

A sub-sample of the material submitted for test will be held in the variety collection as the definitive sample of the candidate variety.

The applicant is responsible for ensuring compliance with any customs and plant health requirements.

2. Final dates for receipt of documentation and material by the Examination Office

The final dates for receipt of requests, technical questionnaires and the final date or submission period for plant material will be decided by the CPVO and each Examination Office chosen.

The Examination Office is responsible for immediately acknowledging the receipt of requests for testing, and technical questionnaires. Immediately after the closing date for the receipt of plant material the Examination Office should inform the CPVO whether acceptable plant material has been received or not. However if unsatisfactory plant material is submitted the CPVO should be informed as soon as possible.

3. Plant material requirements

The final dates for request for technical examination and sending of Technical Questionnaire by the CPVO as well as submission date of plant material by the applicant can be found in the S2 supplement of the CPVO Official Gazette and the CPVO website, www.cpvo.europa.eu.

Seed Treatment: The plant material must not have undergone any treatment unless the CPVO and the examination office allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

Special requirements: -

Labelling of sample: - Species
- File number of the application allocated by the CPVO
- Breeder's reference
- Examination reference (if known)
- Name of applicant
- The phrase "On request of the CPVO"
- In the case of a split sample, the quantity of seed being submitted.

III CONDUCT OF TESTS

1. Variety collection

A variety collection will be maintained for the purpose of establishing distinctness of the candidate varieties in test. A variety collection may contain both living material and descriptive information. A variety will be included in a variety collection only if plant material is available to make a technical examination.

Pursuant to Article 7 of Council Regulation No. 2100/94, the basis for a collection should be the following:

- varieties listed or protected at the EU level or at least in one of the EEA Member States;
- varieties protected in other UPOV Member States;
- any other variety in common knowledge.

The composition of the variety collection in each Examination Office depends on the environmental conditions in which the Examination Office is located.

Variety collections will be held under conditions which ensure the long term maintenance of each accession. It is the responsibility of Examination Offices to replace reference material which has deteriorated or become depleted. Replacement material can only be introduced if appropriate tests confirm conformity with the existing reference material. If any difficulties arise for the replacement of reference material Examination Offices must inform the CPVO. If authentic plant material of a variety cannot be supplied to an Examination Office the variety will be removed from the variety collection.

2. Material to be examined

Candidate varieties will be directly compared with other candidates for Community plant variety rights tested at the same Examination Office, and with appropriate varieties in the variety collection. When necessary an Examination Office may also include other candidates and varieties. Examination Offices should therefore make efforts to co-ordinate the work with other Offices involved in DUS testing of chickpea. There should be at least an exchange of technical questionnaires for each candidate variety, and during the test period, Examination Offices should notify each other and the CPVO of candidate varieties which are likely to present problems in establishing distinctness. In order to solve particular problems Examination Offices may exchange plant material.

3. Characteristics to be used

The characteristics to be used in DUS tests and preparation of descriptions shall be those referred to in the Annex 2. All the characteristics shall be used, providing that observation of a characteristic is not rendered impossible by the expression of any other characteristic, or the expression of a characteristic is prevented by the environmental conditions under which the test is conducted. In the latter case, the CPVO should be informed. In addition the existence of some other regulation e.g. plant health, may make the observation of the characteristic impossible.

The Administrative Council empowers the President, in accordance with Article 23 of Commission Regulation N° 1239/95, to insert additional characteristics and their expressions in respect of a variety.

4. Grouping of varieties

The varieties and candidates to be compared will be divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness. Characteristics which are suitable for grouping purposes are those which are known from experience not to vary, or to vary only slightly, within a variety and which in their various states of expression are fairly evenly distributed throughout the collection. In the case of continuous grouping characteristics overlapping states of expression between adjacent groups is required to reduce the risks of incorrect allocation of candidates to groups. The characteristics which may be used for grouping are the following:

- (a) Flower: colour (characteristic 7)
- (b) Seed: colour (1 month after harvest) (characteristic 13)
- (c) Seed: shape (characteristic 16)
- (d) Seed: ribbing (characteristic 17)
- (e) Time of flowering (80% of plants with at least one flower) (characteristic 18)

5. Trial designs and growing conditions

The minimum duration of tests will normally be two independent growing cycles. Tests will be carried out under conditions ensuring normal growth. The size of the plots will be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measuring and counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing period.

The test design is as follows

As a minimum, each test should include a total of 100 plants which should be divided between two or more replicates.

All observations determined by measurements or counting should be made on 20 plants or parts of 20 plants.

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations on the foliage should be made at the time of flowering

All observations on the pod should be made at the green stage of seeds fully developed in size.

The seed weight should be measured on two samples of 100 seeds.

6. Special tests

In accordance with Article 83(3) of Council Regulation No. 2100/94 an applicant may claim either in the Technical Questionnaire or during the test that a candidate has a characteristic which would be helpful in establishing distinctness. If such a claim is made and is supported by reliable technical data, a special test may be undertaken providing that a technically acceptable test procedure can be devised.

Special tests will be undertaken, with the agreement of the President of CPVO, where distinctness is unlikely to be shown using the characters listed in the protocol.

7. Standards for decisions

a) **Distinctness**

A candidate variety will be considered to be distinct if it meets the requirements of Article 7 of Council Regulation No. 2100/94.

b) **Uniformity**

For the assessment of uniformity a population standard of 1% with an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied.

Table of maximum numbers of off-types allowed for uniformity standards.

Number of plants	off-types allowed
83-137	3

c) **Stability**

A candidate will be considered to be sufficiently stable when there is no evidence to indicate that it lacks uniformity.

IV REPORTING OF RESULTS

After each recording season the results will be summarised and reported to the CPVO in the form of a UPOV model interim report in which any problems will be indicated under the headings distinctness, uniformity and stability. Candidates may meet the DUS standards after two growing periods but in some cases three growing periods may be required. When tests are completed the results will be sent by the Examination Office to the CPVO in the form of a UPOV model final report.

If it is considered that the candidate complies with the DUS standards, the final report will be accompanied by a variety description in the format recommended by UPOV. If not the reasons for failure and a summary of the test results will be included with the final report.

The CPVO must receive interim reports and final reports by the date agreed between the CPVO and the examination office.

Interim reports and final examination reports shall be signed by the responsible member of the staff of the Examination Office and shall expressly acknowledge the exclusive rights of disposal of CPVO.

V LIAISON WITH THE APPLICANT

If problems arise during the course of the test the CPVO should be informed immediately so that the information can be passed on to the applicant. Subject to prior agreement, the applicant may be directly informed at the same time as the CPVO particularly if a visit to the trial is advisable.

The interim report as well as the final report shall be sent by the Examination Office to the CPVO.

ANNEXES TO FOLLOW

ANNEX I	<u>PAGE</u>
Table of characteristics	8
Explanations and methods	12
Literature	13

ANNEX II

Technical Questionnaire

Types of expression of characteristics:

- QL – Qualitative characteristic
- QN – Quantitative characteristic
- PQ – Pseudo-qualitative characteristic

Type of observation of characteristics:

- MG – Single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants
- MS – Measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants
- VG – Visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants
- VS – Visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

When a method of observation is attributed to a certain characteristic, the first differentiation is made depending if the action taken is a visual observation (V) or a measurement (M).

The second differentiation deals with the number of observations the expert attributes to each variety, thus the attribution of either G or S.

If a single observation of a group consisting of an undefined number of individual plants is appropriate to assess the expression of a variety, we talk about a visual observation or a measurement made on a group of plants, thus we attribute the letter G (either VG or MG). If the expert makes more than one observation on that group of plants, the decisive part is that we have at the end only one data entry per variety which means that we have to deal with G (e.g. measurement of plant length on a plot – MG, visual observation of green colour of leaves on a plot – VG).

If it is necessary to observe a number of individual plants to assess the expression of a variety, we should attribute the letter S (thus either VS or MS). Single plant data entries are kept per variety for further calculations like the variety mean (e.g. measurement of length of ears – MS, visual observation of growth habit of single plants in grasses – VS). The number of individual plants to be observed in such cases is stated in section III.5.

ANNEX I

**TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS TO BE USED IN DUS-TEST
AND PREPARATION OF DESCRIPTIONS**

CPVO N°	UPOV N°	Characteristics	Examples	Note
1.	1.	Plant: height (when pods fully developed)		
QN	QN	short	Castor, Sombrero	3
MS/VG	MS/VG	medium	Cabri, Cascari, Sirtaki, Twist	5
		tall	Elvar, Lambada, Salsa	7
2.	2.	Plant: attitude (after flowering)		
QN	QL	erect	Casoar, Cascari, Castor, Jazz, Sombrero	1
VG	MS/VS	semi-erect	Flamenco, Lambada	3
		prostrate	Sirtaki	5
3.	3.	Plant: intensity of ramification		
QN	QN	weak	Castor, Jazz, Lambada	3
VG	VS	medium	Cascari, Flamenco, Rondo, Sombrero	5
		strong		7
4.	4.	Stem: anthocyanin coloration		
QL	QL	absent	Flamenco, Sirtaki, Twist	1
VG	VS	present	Castor, Sombrero	9
5.	5.	Foliage: intensity of green colour		
QN	QN	light	Sirtaki	3
VG	VS	medium	Cascari, Salsa	5
		dark	Lambada, Rondo, Sombrero	7

CPVO N°	UPOV N°	Characteristics	Examples	Note
6.	6.	Leaflet: size		
QN	QN	very small	Castor	1
MS/VG	MS/VS	small	Flamenco, Sirtaki	3
		medium	Cascari, Salsa, Twist	5
		large	Casoar, Flamenco	7
		very large	Lambada	9
7.	7.	Flower: colour		
QL	QL			
VG	VG	white	Sirtaki, Twist	1
G		purplish pink	Castor, Sombrero	2
8.	8.	Pod: peduncle length		
QN	QN	short	Castor, Sombrero	3
MS/VG	MS/VS	medium	Cascari	5
		long	Flamenco, Jazz	7
9.	9.	Pod: size		
QN	QN	very small	Castor	1
VG	VS	small		3
		medium	Rondo	5
		large	Jazz	7
		very large	Flamenco	9
10.	10.	Pod: intensity of green colour		
QN	QN	light		3
VG	VG	medium	Cascari, Flamenco, Twist	5
		dark	Sombrero	7
11.	11.	Pod: length of beak		
QN	QN	short	Sombrero	3
MS/VG	MS/VS	medium	Cascari, Castor, Sirtaki	5
		long	Flamenco, Jazz	7

CPVO N°	UPOV N°	Characteristics	Examples	Note
12.	12.	Pod: number of seeds		
(+)	(+)	predominantly one	Twist	1
QL	QL	one and two	Elwar, Flamenco	2
MS	MS	predominantly two	Cascari, Sombrero	3
13.	13.	Seed: colour (1 month after harvest)		
PQ	PQ	yellow		1
VG	VG	beige	Cabri, Sirtaki	2
		yellowish brown		3
		brown	Castor	4
		reddish brown		5
G		black	Sombrero	6
14.	14.	Seed: intensity of colour		
QN	QN	light		3
VG	VG	medium		5
		dark		7
15.	15.	Seed: weight		
(+)	(+)	low	Pedrosillano	3
QN	QN	medium	Amparo, Amit, Cabri, Cascari	5
MG	MG	high	Bianka, Castellano, Jazz	7
		very high	Blanco lechoso, Lambada, Salsa	9
16.	16.	Seed: shape		
(+)	(+)			
PQ	PQ	round	Cascari, Elvar	1
VG	VG	round to angular	Flamenco, Sirtaki	2
G		angular	Castor, Sombrero	3

CPVO N°	UPOV N°	Characteristics	Examples	Note
17.	17.	Seed: ribbing		
QN	QN	absent or very weak	Cabri, Cascari	1
VG	VG	weak		3
		medium	Flamenco, Jazz, Twist	5
		strong	Sombrero	7
G		very strong	Castor	9
18.	18.	Time of flowering (80% of plants with at least one flower)		
QN	QN	very early	Salsa	1
MG	VG	early	Cabri, Sirtaki	3
		medium	Cascari, Sombrero	5
		late	Casoar	7
G		very late	Castor	9
19.	19.	Time of maturity of pod (when seed is dry)		
QN	QN	very early	Castor	1
MG	VG	early	Cabri, Casoar, Sombrero	3
		medium	Flamenco, Sirtaki	5
		late	Lambada, Salsa, Twist	7

EXPLANATIONS AND METHODS

Ad 12: Pod: number of seeds

level 1: 90% < percentage of pods with only one seed
level 2: 10% < percentage of pods with at least 2 seeds <60%
level 3: 60% < percentage of pods with at least 2 seeds

Ad 15: Seed: weight

The seed weight should be measured on two samples of 100 seed.

Ad 16: Seed: shape



1
round



2
round to angular



3
angular

LITERATURE

ICRISAT, ICARDA and IBPGR, 1985: "Chick-pea descriptors," IBPGR Secretariat, Rome, IT, 15 pp.

MAESEN, L.J.G. van der, 1972: "Cicer L., a monograph of the genus with special reference to the chick-pea (*C. arietinum* L.), its ecology and cultivation," Meded. Landbouwhogeschool, Wageningen, NL, 72, pp. 1-136

SAXENA, M.C. and SINGH, K.B., 1987: "The Chick-pea," C.A.B. International (ICARDA), SY, 409 pp.

SMARTT, J., 1990: "Grain Legumes" (especially Chapter 6: "Pulses of the classical world, pp. 176-244), Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, GB

ANNEX II



European Union
Community Plant Variety Office

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE

to be completed in connection with an application for Community Plant Variety Rights
Please answer all questions. A question without any answer will lead to a non-attribution
of an application date. In cases where a field / question is not applicable, please state so.

1. **Botanical taxon:** Name of the genus, species or sub-species to which the variety belongs and common name

Cicer arietinum L.

CHICK-PEA

2. **Applicant(s):** Name(s) and address(es), phone and fax number(s), Email address, and where appropriate name and address of the procedural representative

3. **Variety denomination**

a) Where appropriate proposal for a variety denomination:

b) Provisional designation (breeder's reference):

<p>4. Information on origin, maintenance and reproduction of the variety</p> <p>4.1 Breeding, maintenance and reproduction of the variety Please indicate breeding scheme, parents, other relevant information</p>		
<p>4.2 Geographical origin of the variety: the region and the country in which the variety was bred or discovered and developed</p>		
<p>5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in the CPVO Protocol; please mark the state of expression which best corresponds).</p>		
Characteristics	Example varieties	Note
<p>5.1 (1) Plant: height (when pods fully developed)</p> <p>short</p> <p>medium</p> <p>tall</p>	<p>Castro, Sombrero</p> <p>Cabri, Cascari, Sirtaki, Twist</p> <p>Elvar, Lambada, Salsa</p>	<p>3 []</p> <p>5 []</p> <p>7 []</p>
<p>5.2 (7) Flower: colour</p> <p>white</p> <p>purplish pink</p>	<p>Sirtaki, Twist</p> <p>Castor, Sombrero</p>	<p>1 []</p> <p>2 []</p>
<p>5.3 (12) Pod: number of seeds</p> <p>predominantly one</p> <p>one and two</p> <p>predominantly two</p>	<p>Twist</p> <p>Elvar, Flamenco</p> <p>Cascari, Sombrero</p>	<p>1 []</p> <p>2 []</p> <p>3 []</p>

Characteristics	Example varieties	Note
5.4 (13) Seed: colour (1 month after harvest) yellow beige yellowish brown brown reddish brown black	 Carbi, Sirtaki Castor Sombbrero	 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 [] 6 []
5.5 (15) Seed: weight low medium high very high	 Pedrosillano Amparo, Amit, Cabri, Cascari Bianka, Castellano, Jazz Blanco lechoso, Lambada, Salsa	 3 [] 5 [] 7 [] 9 []
5.6 (16) Seed: shape round round to angular angular	 Cascari, Elvar Flamenco, Sirtaki Castor, Sombbrero	 1 [] 2 [] 3 []
5.7 (17) Seed: ribbing absent or very weak weak medium strong very strong	 Cabri, Cascari Flamenco, Jazz, Twist Sombbrero Castor	 1 [] 3 [] 5 [] 7 [] 9 []

Characteristics		Example varieties	Note
5.8 (18)	Time of flowering (80% of plants with at least one flower)		
	very early	Salsa	1 []
	early	Cabri, Sirtaki	3 []
	medium	Cascari, Sombrero	5 []
	late	Casoar	7 []
	very late	Castor	9 []
5.9 (19)	Time of maturity of pod (when seed is dry)		
	very early	Castor	1 []
	early	Cabri, Casoar, Sombrero	3 []
	medium	Flamenco, Sirtaki	5 []
	late	Lambada, Salsa, Twist	7 []
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties:			
Denomination of similar variety	Characteristic in which the similar variety is different ¹⁾	State of expression of similar variety	State of expression of candidate variety
<p>¹⁾ In the case of identical states of expressions of both varieties, please indicate the size of the difference</p>			
7. Additional information which may help to distinguish the variety			
A representative printed-out colour photo of the variety must be added to the Technical Questionnaire.			
7.1 Resistance to pests and diseases			

7.2 Special conditions for the examination of the variety

YES, please specify

NO

7.3 Other information

YES, please specify

NO

8. GMO-information required

The variety represents a Genetically Modified Organism within the meaning of Article 2(2) of Council Directive EC/2001/18 of 12/03/2001.

YES NO

If yes, please add a copy of the written attestation of the responsible authorities stating that a technical examination of the variety under Articles 55 and 56 of the Basic Regulation does not pose risks to the environment according to the norms of the above-mentioned Directive.

9. Information on plant material to be examined

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant or pesticide) | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| (c) Tissue culture | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |
| (d) Other factors | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes | <input type="checkbox"/> No |

Please provide details of where you have indicated "Yes":

I/we hereby declare that to the best of my/our knowledge the information given in this form is complete and correct.

Date

Signature

Name

[End of document]